Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 9, paragraphs 1 to 4a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 5, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

#### Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this financial product are attained.

#### Product name:

L&G Healthcare Breakthrough UCITS ETF

Legal entity identifier: 213800J61B1UV4KX2A50

### Sustainable investment objective



# To what extent was the sustainable investment objective of this financial product met?

The sustainable investment objective of the Fund was to provide exposure to the global healthcare technology industry. The Fund sought to achieve its investment objective by tracking the performance of the ROBO Global® Healthcare Technology and Innovation Index TR (the "Index").

The Index was a reference benchmark that had been designated for the purpose of attaining the sustainable investment objective of the Fund.

The extent to which the sustainable investment objective of the Fund was met can be illustrated by each of the sustainability indicators reported on below.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

Third-party data forms the basis of calculations used within this section. Third party data is utilised under licence and with the data providers' legal permission. Whilst all reasonable endeavours are taken to ensure the data provided is accurate, it is important to note that the third-party data providers assume no responsibility for errors or omissions and cannot be held liable for damage arising from the use of their data within the calculations and any reliance you place on the calculations.

Sustainability Indicator	Performance
1. The proportion of the Index exposed to companies not in accordance with the <b>exclusionary criteria</b> set out below;	0% of the Index is exposed to companies not in accordance with the exclusionary criteria.
exclusionaly chiena set out below,	0% is the proportion of holdings excluded from the Fund's index due to the exclusionary criteria. The Index applies a set of exclusions of those companies that failed to meet certain minimum standards of globally accepted business practices during the period. Due to the restricted nature of the Fund's investment universe, these exclusions did not have an effect on the portfolio as at this reporting period as all investments held by the Fund meet these minimum standards.
2. Exposure to companies in accordance with the <b>sustainable theme</b> set out below;	99.91%

…and compared to previous periods?

Sustainability Indicator	Performance Year ending 30 June 2023	Performance Year ending 30 June 2024	Comments	
1. The proportion of the	0% of the Index is	0% of the Index is		
Index exposed to	exposed to companies	exposed to		
companies not in	not in accordance with	companies not in		
accordance with the	the exclusionary criteria	accordance with the		
exclusionary criteria set		exclusionary criteria.		
out below;	0% is the proportion of			
	holdings excluded from	0% is the proportion		
	the Fund's index due to	of holdings excluded		
	the exclusionary criteria	from the Fund's		
	The Index applies a set	index due to the		
	of exclusions of those	exclusionary criteria.		
	companies that failed to	The Index applies a		
	meet certain minimum	set of exclusions of		
	standards of globally	those companies		
	accepted business	that failed to meet		
	practices during the	certain minimum		
	period. Due to the	standards of globally		
	restricted nature of the	accepted business		
	Fund's investment	practices during the		
	universe, these	period. Due to the		
	exclusions did not have	restricted nature of		
	an effect on the portfolio	the Fund's		
	as at this reporting	investment universe,		
	period as all	these exclusions did		
	investments held by the			
	Fund meet these	on the portfolio as at		
	minimum standards.	this reporting period		
		as all investments		
		held by the Fund		
		meet these minimum		
		standards.		
2. Exposure to companies	100.00%	99.91%		
in accordance with the		-		
sustainable theme set ou	t			
below;	-			

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### Principal adverse

**impacts** are the most significant negative impact of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and anti-bribery matters.

# How did the sustainable investments not cause significant harm to any sustainable investment objective?

Through the application of the exclusions listed below, the fund ensured that the investments it held did not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

The Fund applied the following exclusions through tracking the Index that excluded companies that:

• were non-compliant with the UN Global Compact,

• were associated with a controversy (i.e. companies that have been involved in events that have a severe impact on the environment and society, posing serious business risks to the company),

- were involved in the production or retail of tobacco, or are a related product/service,
- · were involved in military contracting weapons or related products,

• were directly involved or indirectly involved through corporate ownership, in controversial weapons,

• were involved in thermal coal extraction, power generation or supporting products/services, and

• were involved in the production of unconventional and conventional oil and gas.

## How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

The Investment Manager assessed the Index against all sustainability indicators outlined in Table 1 of Annex I of Commission Delegated (EU) 2022/1288 (the "SFDR Level 2 Measures") and a majority of them were taken into account directly or indirectly by application of the above-listed exclusions. A direct approach occurred where an exclusionary screen incorporated, in its methodology, the metric defined in Table 1 of Annex I of the SFDR Level 2 Measures relating to the relevant sustainability indicator. The indirect approach incorporated different metrics that were not defined in Table 1 of Annex I of the SFDR Level 2 Measures but associated with the sustainability indicators, such as norms-based or controversy screens to exclude issuers involved in violations. It was noted that a small subset of sustainability indicators were not directly or indirectly mapped to the above-listed exclusions following consideration of their appropriateness to the Fund's investment strategy. The rationale for this may have included inadequate data quality or coverage, or limited relevance to the Fund's eligible investment universe.

# Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The Fund's sustainable investments were aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights through the application of the sustainability-related investment strategy used to attain the sustainable investment objective. In particular, the Index was designed to comply with international norms and standards, including the UN Global Compact principles and excluded companies that were associated with a controversy (i.e. companies that had been involved in events that have a severe impact on the environment and society, posing serious business risks to the company). Accordingly, the Fund's investments aimed to indirectly follow the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, as well as the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises.



# How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Fund considered principal adverse impacts, that were identified using the above-mentioned

indicators, by tracking the Index that employed the sustainability-related investment strategy outlined in the "What actions have been taken to attain the sustainable investment objective during the reference period" section below in line with its methodology. For example, the Fund used the 'Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises' indicator (indicator 10 of Table 1 of Annex I of SFDR) to identify principal adverse impacts relating to social matters set out in the UN Global Compact principles and then considered and took actions in relation to principal adverse impacts identified through tracking the Index that excluded companies that violated such principles.

Further information on how the Manager and the Investment Manager consider principal adverse impacts on an entity level can be found in the Sustainability Policy which is available on LGIM's website.

The Fund considers the principal adverse impacts identified in the table below, through the implementation of the Fund's sustainability-related investment strategy.

ΡΑΙ		Impact Unit	Coverage
PAI 4: Exposure to	Share of investments in companies	0.00%	Fossil fuel
companies active in	active in the fossil fuel sector		exposure data
the fossil fuel sector			were sourced
			from
			Sustainalytics.
			Data coverage
			was above
			95%.
PAI 5: Share of	Share of non-renewable onergy	Concumption: 96.27%	Share of
non-renewable	Share of non-renewable energy	Consumption: 86.27% Production: 19.51%	
	consumption and non-renewable		renewable
	energy production of investee		energy
and production	companies from non-renewable		production
	energy sources compared to		and
	renewable energy sources, expressed		consumption
	as a percentage of total energy		data were
	sources		sourced from
			Sustainalytics.
			Data coverage
			for production
			was below
			20% while
			consumption
			was above
			40%. The low
			coverage for
			production
			may be due in
			part to the
			limited number
			of companies
			and sectors
			involved in
			producing
			energy. The
			coverage for
			consumption
			may depend
			on the
			extensiveness
			of company
			disclosure.
		0.00%	Data
· ·	companies that have been involved in		pertaining to
principles and	violations of the UNGC principles or		violations
Organisation for	OECD Guidelines for Multinational		UNGC and
Economic	Enterprises		OECD
Cooperation and			guidelines for
Development			o Multinational
(OECD) Guidelines			Enterprises
for Multinational			were sourced
Enterprises			from LGIM's
Lucihiises			Future World
			Protection
			List. This
			proprietary

	methodology
	identified
	perennial
	violators that
	were in breach
	of at least one
	of the UNGC
	principles for a
	continuous
	period of three
	years or more.
	The
	underlying
	data used to
	identify these
	companies
	were sourced
	from
	Sustainalytics,
	which takes
	into account
	both UNGC
	and OECD
	guidelines.
	The proportion
	of eligible
	holdings was
	99.91%.
PAI 14: Exposure to Share of investments in investee 0.00%	Controversial
controversial companies involved in the	weapons data
	were sourced
weapons manufacture or selling of controversial	from LGIM's
(anti-personnel weapons	
mines, cluster	Controversial
munitions, chemical	Weapons
weapons and	Policy. The
biological weapons)	methodology
	was
	proprietary to
	LGIM, while
	the underlying
	data used to
	identify these
	companies
	was sourced
	from
	Sustainalytics.
	The proportion
	of eligible
	holdings was
	99.91%.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the

investments constituting **the** greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
STAAR SURGICAL CO	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.85%	United States
USD0.01			
CHARLES RIVER	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.84%	United States
LABORATORIES USD0.01			
INTUITIVE SURGICAL INC	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.84%	United States
USD0.001			
STRYKER CORP USD0.1	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.79%	United States
BOSTON SCIENTIFIC CORP	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.78%	United States
USD0.01			
THERMO FISHER SCIENTIFIC	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.78%	United States
INC USD1			
REVVITY INC USD 1	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.77%	United States
AZENTA INC USD0.01	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.76%	United States
MODERNA INC USD0.0001	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.75%	United States
DANAHER CORP USD0.01	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.72%	United States
DIASORIN ITALIA SPA EUR1	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.71%	Italy
ILLUMINA INC USD0.01	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.71%	United States
REGENERON	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.71%	United States
PHARMACEUTICALS			
USD0.001			
SIEMENS HEALTHINEERS AG	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.70%	Germany
NPV			
PENUMBRA INC USD0.001	Consumer, Non-cyclical	1.69%	United States

The Top 15 holdings above reflect the weighted average over four quarters in the Fund's portfolio during the reporting reference period.

Holdings were based on Administrator data, which included cash and derivative instruments if held.

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Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy** energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

### **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective

Transitional activities are activities

for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and that have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

### What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

Information on the proportion of the Fund invested in investments that qualify as environmentally and socially sustainable investments during the reference period is provided below.

### What was the asset allocation?

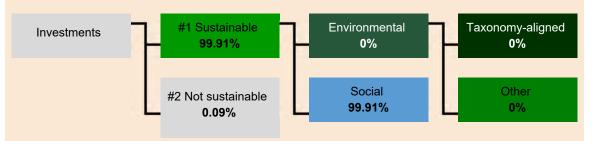
The Fund invested 99.91% of its portfolio in investments that qualify as sustainable (#1), all of which provide direct exposure to investee companies.

The Fund invested 0% of its portfolio in environmentally sustainable investments and 99.91% of its portfolio in socially sustainable investments.

The remaining portion of investments were not used to meet the sustainable investment objective and fell under #2 Not sustainable.

The purpose of the remaining portion of investments, including a description of any minimum environmental or social safeguards, is set out below.

The asset allocation reflects the Fund's portfolio at the end of the reporting reference period.



#1 Sustainable covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.

**#2 Not sustainable** includes investments which do not qualify as sustainable investments.

### In which economic sectors were these investments made?

Investments were made in the following sectors. Economic sectors are based on Administrator data and are in line with the Top 15 holdings of the Fund.

Sector	Sub-sector	% Assets	
Consumer, Non-cyclical	Healthcare - Products	58.04%	
Consumer, Non-cyclical	Biotechnology	17.50%	
Consumer, Non-cyclical	Healthcare - Services	12.85%	
Consumer, Non-cyclical	Pharmaceuticals	5.64%	
Technology	Software	3.29%	
Industrial	Electrical Components & Equipment	1.36%	
Consumer, Cyclical	Retail	1.32%	

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of: - turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies - capital expenditure expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g.for a transition to a green economy. -operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



## To what extent were sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund did not commit to investing more than 0% of its assets in investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy. The Fund's actual exposure to investments which were aligned with the EU Taxonomy was 0%.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy<sup>(1)</sup>?

> Yes: In fossil gas In nuclear energy X No

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy alignment of sovereign bonds<sup>\*</sup>, the first graph shows the taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.

1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments including sovereign bonds*				2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds*			
Turnover	1	00%		Turnover		100%	
CapEx	1	00%		CapEx		100%	
OpEx	1	00%		OpEx	x 100%		
09	%	50%	100%	0%	6	50%	100%
■Taxonomy-aligned (no gas and nuclear)			and	■Taxonomy-aligned (no gas and nuclear)			
Non Taxonomy-aligned			Non Taxonomy-aligned				
				This graph represents up to 100.00% of the total Investments.			

\* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereigns bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

<sup>1</sup> Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective -see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

# What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The Fund did not commit to making any investment in transitional and enabling activities. It has been deemed that the Fund's exposure to investments made in transitional and enabling activities is 0%.

# How did the percentage of investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

The Fund did not disclose EU Taxonomy alignment in the previous reference period, so no comparison is available.

# What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund did not invest in any sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The Fund invested 99.91% of its portfolio in sustainable investments with a social objective.

# What investments were included under "not sustainable", what was their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

In accordance with the Fund's investment policy, "#2 Other" may have included cash, depositary receipts, money market funds and derivatives. Such investments may have been used for investment purposes and efficient portfolio management. Derivatives may have also been used for currency hedging for any currency hedged share classes. Environmental or social safeguards applied by the Index were only applied to instruments that were used to attain exposure to an Index constituent.

The Investment Manager considered ESG factors, including analysis from the relevant responsible investing methodologies as part of assessing the credit risk profile of its most significant counterparties. The Investment Manager had an internal control framework in place to consider and take appropriate action in the event that a significant counterparty failed to meet any minimum standards in respect of such ESG factors as defined by the Investment Manager.





environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

are sustainable investments with an





# What actions have been taken to attain the sustainable investment objective during the reference period?

The Fund followed the following sustainability-related investment strategy by tracking the Index:

**Sustainable Theme**: The Index comprised of companies that were actively engaged in the healthcare technology value-chain which sought to contribute to increased efficiency and effectiveness in healthcare and promoted advancements and innovation in the healthcare industry.

**ROBO Global ESG Policy**: The Index excluded investments in companies that failed to adhere to the ROBO Global ESG Policy. Following critical observations, the Index provider excluded companies that it believed do significant harm to environmental, social, and governance objectives. Each issuer within the investment universe of the Index was evaluated for the following metrics: i) the ESG risks that companies are exposed to and the risks that their activities could result in principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors, ii) the alignment of companies with international norms and standards, including the UN Global Compact principles, iii) involvement in harmful activities such as weapons and arms, tobacco, thermal coal-related activities, unconventional and conventional oil and gas-related activities, power generation and animal testing, and iv) economic activities contributing to the theme.

The Index Provider evaluated ESG factors using a combination of internal research, regular interaction with index member companies, as well as support from leading ESG research providers to ensure they complied with all aspects of the ROBO Global ESG Policy.

LGIM's firmwide engagement programme covers several themes and issues, including climate change, remuneration, gender diversity, human capital, audit, cyber security etc., which are capital structure agnostic. Board composition, although influenced by equity holders and shareholder rights, is also relevant to debtholders in ensuring that the board has the necessary expertise and independence to oversee the management and strategy of the organisation.

LGIM's firmwide stewardship policy can be found here https://www.lgim.com/landg-assets/lgim/\_document-library/capabilities/lgim-global-corporate-gove rnance-and-responsible-investment-principles.pdf

Further detail on the Fund's sustainability-related investment strategy can be found in the Fund's pre-contractual documentation.



**Reference benchmarks** are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the sustainable objective.

# How did this financial product perform compared to the reference sustainable benchmark?

Please see response to this section below.

### How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

The Index differed from the broad market index due to its composition of companies that were actively engaged in the healthcare technology value-chain which sought to contribute to increased efficiency and effectiveness in healthcare and promoted advancements and innovation in the healthcare industry and therefore constituted a smaller sub-set of a broad market index.

### How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the sustainable investment objective?

Through tracking the Index, the Fund provided exposure to constituents in accordance with the sustainability-related investment strategy. The sustainability indicators disclosed above highlight how the Index, and therefore the Fund, performed.

# How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

The estimated anticipated (ex-ante) tracking error for the Fund in normal market conditions is 0.45% (annualised), which is the anticipated volatility of the difference between the return of the Fund's portfolio and the return of the Index. Using monthly returns over the reporting period, the annualised ex-post tracking error of the Fund was 0.04% which is within the anticipated ex-ante tracking error set out above.

### How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

Please refer to the performance of the sustainability indicators outlined above which includes a comparison against the comparator index which is a broad market index.